

### Facts:

- Drug sales data in India suggested a steady trend of TB treatment dispensed by the private sector, from 18.4 million patient-months in 2013 to 16.6 million in 2016.
- Seven of 29 states in India accounted for more than 70% of national level TB treatment volumes in the private sector.
- There are only three studies in India (covered total of 102 patients) that estimated the cost of the TB patients treated in the private sector.

# **Project Cycle:**

2021-2026

#### **Partners:**

Central TB Division, MoHFW, New Delhi Foundation for Medical Research, Mumbai

Indian School of Business, Hyderabad

## **Supporters:**

Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

# <u>Principal Investigators</u>

Dr Susmita Chatterjee Palash Das

## **Background:**

- Eliminating TB is a high priority for the government of India by 2025, however, despite robust public health interventions, the ability to harness the private sector for TB control is fraught with gaps.
- The National Strategic plan stated its intention to extend the umbrella of highquality TB care and control for those treated in the private sector, highlighting the Private Sector Engagement (PPE) as an important strategy to eliminate TB.

## Aims:

The primary objectives of the study are to determine if exposure to the PPE strategy:

- (a) Reduces out of pocket expenses of TB treatment and incidence of catastrophic expenditure
- (b) Reduces delay to correct diagnosis and appropriate treatment and follow up
- (c) Improves medication adherence and treatment outcomes

#### **Methods:**

- In this prospective cohort study, adult pulmonary TB patients will be interviewed at intake. 3 months and 6 months of treatment.
- Patients will be sampled from five districts in five states through notifications from private providers and chemists/drug stores.
- Around 250 patients from each city will be interviewed thrice. Along with this, the private providers who notified TB patients will be interviewed once.

## **Impact:**

- This study will create an index of patient exposure to PPE strategy elements
  which includes patient, provider, and community-level variables and will
  determine the level of exposure to this strategy of an average privately treated
  patient in urban India.
- The cost of TB treatment in the private sector in India is unknown, the study will provide a detailed understanding of the same and the proportion of patients who experience catastrophic health expenditure because of TB treatment in the private sector.

#### **Contact:**

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